of F Primary School	Great Whelnetham C of E Primary School EYFS Skills and Knowledge Progression Subject area: Music
Age 3 to 4	 Remember and sing entire songs. Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match') Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs. Create their own songs or improvise a song around one they know. Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.
Reception	 Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills. Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses. Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses. Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups
ELG	ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and – when appropriate – try to move in time with music.



Great Whelnetham C of E Primary School Skills and Knowledge Progression Document Subject Area: Music

Listen and Appraise	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know 5 songs off by heart. To know what the songs are about. To know and recognise the sound and names of some of the instruments they use. 	To learn how they can enjoy moving to music by dancing, marching or beinganimals.

Games	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat. To know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals. 	 Progressive Games and Challenges that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. Children will complete the following in relation to the main song: Find the pulse. Listen to the rhythm and clap back. Copy back short rhythmic phrases based on words, with one and two syllables whilst marching to the steady beat. Create rhythms for others to copy

Singing	
Knowledge	Skills
To confidently sing or rap five songs from memory and sing them in unison.	• Learn about voices, singing notes of different pitches (high and low).
	• Learn that they can make different types of sounds with their voices – you can rap or
	say words in rhythm.
	• Learn to start and stop singing when following a leader.

Playing	
Knowledge	Skills
• Learn the names of the notes in their instrumental part from memory or when	 Treat instruments carefully and with respect.

written down.	• Play a tuned instrumental part with the song they perform.
• Learn the names of the instruments they are playing.	 Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.

Improvisation	
Knowledge	Skills
• Improvisation is about making up your own tunes on the spot.	Improvise using the three challenges and tracks provided:
• Everyone can improvise!	1. Clap and Improvise – Listen and clap back, then listen and clap your own
	answer (rhythms of words).
	2. Sing, Play and Improvise – Use voices and instruments, listen and sing back, then
	listen and play your own answer using one or two notes.
	3. Improvise! – Take it in turns to improvise using one or two notes.

Composition	
Knowledge	Skills
• Composing is like writing a story with music.	 Help to create a simple melody using one, two or three notes.
• Everyone can compose.	 Learn how the notes of the composition can be written down and changed if
	necessary.

Performance	
Knowledge	Skills
A performance is sharing music with other people, called an audience.	• Choose a song they have learnt and perform it.
	 They can add their ideas to the performance.
	• Record the performance and say how they were feeling about it.

Listen and Appraise	
Knowledge	Skills
• To know five songs off by heart.	 To learn how they can enjoy moving to music.
• To know some songs have a chorus or a response/answer part.	 To learn how songs can tell a story or describe an idea.
• To know that songs have a musical style.	

Games	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat. To know that we can create rhythms from words. Rhythms are different from the steady pulse. We add high and low sounds, pitch, when we sing and play our instruments. 	 Progressive Games and Challenges that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. Children will complete the following in relation to the main song: Find the pulse. Listen to the rhythm and clap back. Copy back short rhythmic phrases based on words whilst marching the steady beat. Create rhythms for others to copy.

Singing	
Knowledge	Skills
• To confidently know and sing five songs from memory.	 Learn about voices singing notes of different pitches (high and low).
• To know that unison is everyone singing at the same time.	• Learn that they can make different types of sounds with their voices – you can rap
 Songs include other ways of using the voice e.g. rapping (spoken word). 	(spoken word with rhythm).

Playing	
Knowledge	Skills
 Learn the names of the notes in their instrumental part from memory or when written down. Know the names of untuned percussion instruments played in class. 	 Treat instruments carefully and with respect. Learn to play a tuned instrumental part that matches their musical challenge. Play the part in time with the steady pulse. Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.

Improvisation	
Knowledge	Skills
 Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot. 	Improvise using the three challenges and tracks provided:
• When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been	1. Clap and Improvise – Listen and clap back, then listen and clap your own

heard before.	answer (rhythms of words).
	2. Sing, Play and Improvise – Use voices and instruments, listen and sing back,then
	listen and play your own answer using one or two notes.
	3. Improvise! – Take it in turns to improvise using one or two notes.

Composition	
Knowledge	Skills
• Composing is like writing a story with music.	 Help create simple melodies using one, three or five different notes.
• Everyone can compose.	 Learn how the notes of the composition can be written down and changed if
	necessary.

Performance	
Knowledge	Skills
 A performance is sharing music with an audience. A performance can be a special occasion and involve a class, a year group or a whole school. An audience can include your parents and friends. 	 Choose a song they have learnt and perform it. Record the performance and say how they were feeling about it.

Listen and Appraise	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know five songs from memory and who sang them or wrote them. To know the style of the five songs. To choose one song and be able to talk about: Its lyrics: what the song is about Identify the main sections of the song (introduction, verse, chorus etc.) Name some of the instruments they heard in the song 	 To confidently identify and move to the pulse. To think about what the words of a song mean. To take it in turn to discuss how the song makes them feel. Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music.

Games	
Knowledge	Skills
 Know how to find and demonstrate the pulse. Know the difference between pulse and rhythm. Know that every piece of music has a pulse/steady beat. 	 Using Games and differentiated Challenges, children will complete the following in relation to the main song, using two notes: Find the Pulse Clap and say back rhythms. Create your own simple rhythm patterns. Perhaps lead the class using their simple rhythms.

Singing	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know and be able to talk about: Songs can make you feel different things e.g. happy, energetic or sad Singing as part of an ensemble or large group is fun, but that you must listen to each other 	 To sing in unison and in simple two-parts. To follow a leader when singing. To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'. To have an awareness of the pulse internally when singing.

Playing	
Knowledge	Skills
To know and be able to talk about: • The instruments used in class (a glockenspiel, a recorder)	 To treat instruments carefully and with respect. Play any one differentiated parts on a tuned instrument. To rehearse and perform their part within the context of a particular song. To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.

Improvisation	

Knowledge	Skills
 To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them 	 Improvise using instruments in the context of the song they are learning to perform. Children will complete differentiated Challenges: Listen and sing back, then copy back using instruments (two different notes) Using instruments, listen and play your own answer using one note, then two different notes. Take turns to improvise using one note, then two or three notes.

Composition	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know and be able to talk about: A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writinga story. Different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc.) 	 Help create at least one simple melody using one, three or five different notes. Plan and create a section of music within a particular song. Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).

Performance	
Knowledge	Skills
To know and be able to talk about:	• To choose what to perform.
 Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience 	• To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them.
• A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of	• To record the performance and say how they were feeling, what they were
people you don't know	pleased with what they would change and why.

Listen and Appraise	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know five songs (mostly from memory) and who sang them or wrote them. To know the style of these songs. To choose one song and be able to talk about: Some of the style indicators of that song (musical characteristics that give the song its style). The lyrics: what the song is about. Any musical dimensions featured in the song and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch). Identify the main sections of the song (introduction, verse, chorus etc). Name some of the instruments they heard in the song. 	 To confidently identify and move to the pulse. To talk about the musical dimensions working together in some songs e.g. if the song gets louder in the chorus (dynamics). Talk about the music and how it makes them feel. Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music. When you talk try to use musical words.

Games	
Knowledge	Skills
 Know and be able to talk about: How pulse, rhythm and pitch work together Pulse: Finding the pulse – the heartbeat of the music Rhythm: the long and short patterns over the pulse Know the difference between pulse and rhythm Pitch: High and low sounds that create melodies How to keep the internal pulse 	 Using differentiated Challenges, children will complete the following in relation to the main song, using two notes: Find the Pulse Clap and say back rhythms, create your own simple rhythms, perhaps lead the class using their simple rhythms. Sing and listen back, then copy back with instruments (without then with notation)

Singing	
Knowledge	Skills
To know and be able to talk about:	• To sing in unison.
 Singing in a group can be called a choir 	 To demonstrate a good singing posture.
• Leader or conductor: A person who the choir or group follow	• To follow a leader when singing.
 Songs can make you feel different things e.g. happy, energetic or sad 	 To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'.
• Singing as part of an ensemble or large group is fun, but that you must listen to	• To rejoin the song if lost.
each other	 To listen to the group when singing.
• Texture: How a solo singer makes a thinner texture than a large group	
• To know why you must warm up your voice	

Playing	
Knowledge	Skills
To know and be able to talk about:	 To treat instruments carefully and with respect.
• The instruments used in class (a glockenspiel, recorder or xylophone).	 To rehearse and perform their part within a song.
• Other instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their	 To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.
friends.	

Improvisation	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake To know that you can use some of the riffs you have heard in the Challenges in your improvisations 	 Improvise using instruments in the context of a song they are learning to perform, using differentiated challenges: Listen and sing back melodic patterns Using instruments, listen and copy back using one then two notes. Take it in turns to improvise using one note, then two or three notes

Composition	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know and be able to talk about: A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writinga story. It can be played or performed again to your friends. Different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc.) 	• Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).

Performance	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know and be able to talk about: Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience It doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other You need to know and have planned everything that will be performed You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know It is planned and different for each occasion It involves communicating feelings, thoughts and ideas about the song/music 	 To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them. To talk about the best place to be when performing and how to stand or sit. To record the performance and say how they were feeling, what they were pleased with what they would change and why.

Listen and Appraise Knowledge	Skills
 To know five songs (mostly from memory), and who sang or wrote them. To know the style of these songs and to name other songs in those styles. To choose two or three other songs and be able to talk about: Some of the style indicators of the songs (musical characteristics that give the songs their style) The lyrics: what the songs are about Any musical dimensions featured in the songs and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch) Identify the main sections of the songs (intro, verse, chorus etc.) Name some of the instruments they heard in the songs 	 To identify and move to the pulse with ease. To think about the message of songs. To compare two songs in the same style. Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music. When you talk try to use musical words. To talk about the musical dimensions working together in some songs. Talk about the music and how it makes you feel

Games	
Knowledge	Skills
Know and be able to talk about:	Using differentiated Challenges, children will complete the following in relation to the
• How pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work togetherand	main song, using three notes:
how they connect in a song	• Find the pulse
 How to keep the internal pulse 	 Copy back rhythms based on the words of the main song, that include
	syncopation/off beat, then lead the class by inventing rhythms for others to copy
	• Copy back one-note, then two or three-note riffs using simple and syncopated
	rhythm patterns

Singing	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know and confidently sing five songs and their parts from memory, and to sing them with a strong internal pulse. To choose a song and be able to talk about: Its main features Singing in unison, the solo, lead vocal, backing vocals or rapping To know what the song is about and the meaning of the lyrics To know and explain the importance of warming up your voice 	 To sing in unison and to sing backing vocals. To listen to the group when singing. To demonstrate a good singing posture. To follow a leader when singing. To experience rapping. To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group. To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'.

Playing	
Knowledge	Skills
To know and be able to talk about:	 Play a musical instrument with the correct technique within a particular song.
 Different ways of writing music down – e.g. staff notation, symbols 	• Select and learn an instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one
• The instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their	of the differentiated parts – a one-note, simple or medium part or the melody of the song
friends	from memory or using notation.
	• To rehearse and perform their part within a song.
	 To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.

Improvisation	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake To know that you can use some of the riffs you have heard in the Challenges in your improvisations 	 Improvise using instruments in the context of a song to be performed, usingdifferentiated Challenges: Copy back using instruments, using two then three notes. Question and answer using instruments, using one then two or three notes.

Composition	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know and be able to talk about: A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writinga story. It can be played or performed again to your friends. A composition has pulse, rhythm and pitch that work together and are shaped by tempo, dynamics, texture and structure Notation: recognise the connection between sound and symbol 	• Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).

Performance	
Knowledge	Skills
To know and be able to talk about:	 To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them.
 Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience 	 To record the performance and compare it to a previous performance.

 It doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other Everything that will be performed must be planned and learned You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know It is planned and different for each occasion A performance involves communicating ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music 	• To discuss and talk musically about it – "What went well?" and "It would have been even better if?"
--	---

Listen and Appraise	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know a range of songs from memory, who sang or wrote them, when they were written and why? To know the style of the songs and to name other songs in those styles. To choose three or four other songs and be able to talk about: The style indicators of the songs (musical characteristics that give the songs their style) The lyrics: what the songs are about Any musical dimensions featured in the songs and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm, pitch and timbre) Identify the structure of the songs (intro, verse, chorus etc.) Name some of the instruments used in the songs The historical context of the songs. What else was going on at this time, musically and historically? 	 To identify and move to the pulse with ease. To think about the message of songs. To compare two songs in the same style, talking about what stands out musicallyin each of them, their similarities and differences. Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music. Use musical words when talking about the songs. Talk about the music and how it makes you feel, using musical language to describe the music.

Games	
Knowledge	Skills
Know and be able to talk about:	Using differentiated Challenges, children will complete the following in relation to the
• How pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together to	main song, using three notes:
create a song or music	• Find the pulse
 How to keep the internal pulse 	 Copy back rhythms based on the words of the main song, that include
	syncopation/off beat and lead class by inventing rhythms for others to copy back
	• Copy back one-note, then two and three note riffs by ear and with notation
	 Question and answer using two or three different notes

Singing	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know and confidently sing a range of songs and their parts from memory, andto sing them with a strong internal pulse. To know about the style of the songs so you can represent the feeling and contextto your audience To choose a song and be able to talk about: Its main features To know what the song is about and the meaning of the lyrics To know and explain the importance of warming up your voice 	 To demonstrate a good singing posture. To follow a leader when singing. To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group. To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'.

Playing	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know and be able to talk about: Different ways of writing music down – e.g. staff notation, symbols The pitch of at least 5 different notes The instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends 	 Play a musical instrument with the correct technique within the context of a song. Select and learn an instrumental part that matches their musical challenge. To rehearse and perform their part within the context of a song.

Improvisation Covered in Year 4/5, not explicitly in Y6 although there is some coverage through writing riffs.	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake To know that you can use some of the riffs you have heard in the Challenges in your improvisations 	 Improvise using instruments in the context of a song to be performed, usingdifferentiated Challenges: Copy back using instruments, using two then three notes. Question and answer using instruments, using one then two or three notes.

Composition	
Knowledge	Skills
To know and be able to talk about:	 Create simple melodies using up to five different notes and simple rhythms that

• A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writinga	work musically with the style of a song.
story. It can be played or performed again to your friends.	• Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions
• A composition has pulse, rhythm and pitch that work together and are shaped by	about how the melody connects with the song.
tempo, dynamics, texture and structure	 Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection
• Notation: recognise the connection between sound and symbol	between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).

Performance	
Knowledge	Skills
 To know and be able to talk about: Performing is sharing music with an audience with belief It doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other Everything that will be performed must be planned and learned You must sing the words clearly and play with confidence A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know It is planned and different for each occasion A performance involves communicating ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music 	 To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them. To talk about the venue and how to use it to best effect. To record the performance and evaluate it. To discuss and talk musically about it – "What went well?" and "It would have been even better if?"